EUROPE
Scale 1:1,000,000

GREAT BRITAIN

SECOND EDITION.

ARMY /AIR STYLE

SHEET 1.

P. T. G.
C. 12/52

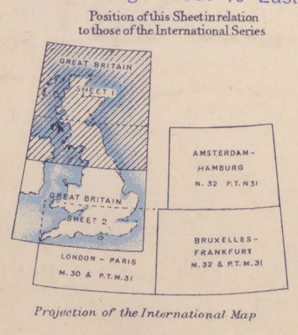
Geographical Section, General Staff, No. 4370
Published by O.S., 1933.
2nd Edition Published by W.O., 1942.

0 hrs. 24 mins.

0 hrs. 12 mins. L.M.T. behind G.M.T.

Annual change about 10′ Easterly

Position of this Sheet in relation to those of the International Series



Projection of the International Map

REFERENCE

Railways, two or more tracks — Tunnel
" single
" narrow gauge or light
Main Roads — Tunnel
Other "
Rivers, perennial — navigable
Canals, navigable, G.B., Ireland
" non-navigable
Limits of seaborne traffic
Large Seaports
Forests
Lighthouse
Wireless telegraph station
Heights in Metres — 427
Contours — 500 200
" sea bed — 10 20 50 100
Depths — 121

HEIGHTS IN METRES

Scale 1:1,000,000

1 Inch = 15·78 Miles & 1 Millimetre = 1 Kilometre

Miles 10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 150 160 Miles

Kilometres 20 10 0 20 40 60 80 100 120 130 160 180 200 220 240 260 Kilometres

Nautical Miles 10 5 0 10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80 90 100 110 120 130 140 Nautical Miles

HEIGHTS IN METRES

G.M.T.

Conversion of the 1/M Great Britain (sheets O.30 and parts of N.29 and N.30) dated 1933, compiled from Ordnance Survey 1:253,400 and Admiralty Charts.
Heliographed by O.S., 1942.

REFERENCE

Towns, population above 250,000 — BRISTOL
" " " 100,000 — Cardiff
" " " 25,000 — Newport
" " " 10,000 — Penarth
" " below " — Farnham
Small Towns and Villages — Lambourn
Capital of Country (true to scale)
Large Cities
(the sign expressing the administrative importance is added)
County Towns
Parliamentary Boroughs
Towns
Small Towns and Villages

International Boundaries
County Boundaries G.B., Ireland

This map must NOT be considered an authority on the delimitation of international boundaries

METHOD OF GIVING A POSITION REFERENCE ON THIS SHEET.

First give the code letters denoting the exact degree of latitude and longitude immediately to the South and West of the required point. Then give in figures the distance in minutes of latitude and in minutes of longitude of the point from the degree intersection so described. Thus if 50° N. is represented by AB and 23° W. by XY then the position 50° 08′ N., 22° 33′ W. will be denoted ABXY 0827. Similarly if 50° N. is represented by AB and 5° E. is represented by PQ then the position 50° 17′ N., 5° 38′ E. is ABPQ 1738.

SALES COPY
PRICE 4/-